Thirty-five associational study groupings had a total of 96 outcomes (short-term, intermediate, or long-term), including 68 positive, 13 negative, and 15 neutral associations. **Short-term Outcomes Intermediate Outcomes Environment and Long-term Outcomes Policy Indicators Increased General More Physical Activity** 6 **(+)** 0 **(*)** 1 (-) **Traffic Safety** (e.g., perceptions of safety Moderate to vigorous intensity physical activity 26 (7 () 6 () from traffic) 9 🗭 1 🗶 1 🛑 Vigorous intensity physical activity 5 🗭 0 🗶 0 🖨 Decreased 4 (1) 0 (2) 0 (-) Meeting leisure physical activity recommendations **Neighborhood Traffic** 2 **(4)** 0 **(8)** 0 **(-) Volume and Speed** General physical activity **Less Overweight** (e.g., perceptions of light 6 **(+)** 7 **(x)** 5 **(-)** 12 (4) 6(2) 6(-) and slow traffic) Meeting physical activity recommendations and Obesity 1 🗭 1 😮 0 🖨 Active Transportation **Decreased Crashes** Body mass index (height and weight) 10 🗭 2 🗭 2 🖨 12 🗭 0 🗶 1 🖨 (e.a., actual occurrence of 1 (1) 0 (2) 1 (-) Walking crashes in the 11 🗭 1 🗶 4 🖨 neighborhood) Meeting walking recommendations 0 🗭 0 🛠 2 🖨 Presence of 2 (1) 0(1) 1(-) Walking and/or cycling Traffic/Speed 10 🗭 1 🗶 0 🗩 **Devices** (e.g., perceptions of traffic slowing devices or speed zones in the neighborhood, Presence of Lights and *Trail use was included as a short-term Crossings proxy for physical activity. No other 7 (1) 0 (2) 0 (-) (e.g., perceptions of short-term outcomes are not reflected **Less Sedentary** crosswalks in the in the peer-reviewed literature. neighborhood) **Behavior** 6 🕩 0 🗶 0 🛑 (No Studies) **Decreased Barriers** Key: Positive Association of Busy Streets 2 (1) 0(2) 0(-(e.g., having to cross a busy No Association **Trail Use***

road to get to a destination

2 (1) 0(2) 0(-)

Negative Association